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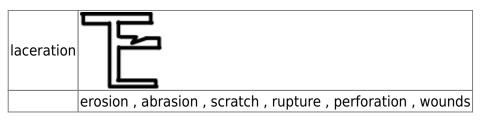
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# **ETIOLOGY**

\*I. The GENERAL CAUSES OF DISEASE, may be distinguished into such as are either

# Extrinsecal, and without the body; whether from

- Other bodies of a malignant dangerous quality, || either spreading their efficacy by insensible Effluvia: or such as being taken in a small quantity, prove destructive to life.
  - CONTAGION, Infection, taint, catching, run, spread, diffuse.
  - POISON, Venom, envenom, virulent.
- Violent motion; causing either || a dissolution of continuity: or too great a pressure upon the parts, when the skin is not cut.
  - WOUND, Hurt■ Sore, vulnerary, cut, break ones head, Scarr.
  - $\circ\,$  BRUISE, Contusion, crush, batter, shatter.



# Intrinsecal; with relation to the

### Humours

Humors; whether  ${|\!|}$  as to the error of Excess: or bad disposition.

- PLETHORA, Fulness.
- CACOCHYMIA, III humors.

## Qualities

Qualities; || according to the general name, denoting Excess or Defect: or that particular Indisposition which is most frequent, name|ly, too much Heat.

- DISTEMPER.
- INFLAMMATION.

## **Parts and Vessels**

### Hollow organs

Stopping, or blowing of them up.

#### • OBSTRUCTION, Oppilation.

- $\circ\,$  narrowing or decreasing and shortening in width , height or depth
  - narrowing of tubular structures
    - stenosis , coarctation , stricture leading to
      - ischemia
      - $\circ~\mbox{reversal}$  of flow
        - reflux
        - regurgitation
        - vomiting
- $\circ\,$  narrowing or stopping of hollow organs either due to
  - paralysis or block
    - heart block ,
  - weakness
- $\circ\,$  due to accumulation of various elements
  - air
    - pneumothorax , pneumomediastinum , air embolism , pneumoperitoneum
  - water and other humours
    - cyst
  - stones
    - bile stones , kidney stone , salivary calculi
- INFLATION, puffed up, flatulent, windy.
  - $\circ$  widening , enlarging or increasing in height , width or depth
    - dilatation of tubular structures
      - aneurysm , varices , dilatation of intestine ,
    - enlargement of of hollow or compact organs
      - lungs , bladder , heart ( cardiomegaly , hypertrophy ) , ventriculomegaly
- STOPPING or Complete closure
  - Complete Closure
    - atresia , imperforate ( anus , vagina )

#### **Compact organs**

#### decreasing and shortening in width , height or depth

- decreased bone height
  - short stature , cretinism , dwarf
- decreased cell size or muscle mass and fat due to decreased nutrition or other causes
  - muscular atrophy and dystrophy , gland atrophy
  - low birth weight baby , lean , thin built body , starvation , malnutrition disorders
  - marasmus , kwashirokar
- decreased or stopped function of compact organs
  - paralysis
    - Quadripelgia , hemiplegia , cerebral palsy , progressive supranuclear palsy , bells palsy , brown sequard syndrome , erbs palsy , pseudobulbar palsy
  - weakness or slow motion
    - hemiparesis
    - hypokinetic disorders , bradycardia , bradypnoea

#### enlarging or increasing in height , width or depth

From:

- increased bone height
  - acromegaly , gigantism
- increased cell size or muscle mass or fat due to increased nutrition or other causes
  - $\circ$  hepatomegaly , splenomegaly , thyromegaly
  - $\circ$  obesity
- increased or continuously increasing function of compact organs
  - $\circ\,$  fast motion
    - atrial or ventricular flutter and fibrillation
    - hyperkinetic disorders , tachycardia , tachypnoea
    - spasm , achlasia cardia , bronchospasm , hemifacial spasm , angina pectoris or vasospasm

### Putrefying, of them; considered according to the usual

- Antecedent, or Cause; **||** a Collection of putrid matter.
  - ABSCESSUS, Aposteme.
- Consequent, or Effect; in relation to the
  - Aperture or Cavity made by the Corrosion of this putrid mat|ter; being either || roundish, or oblong.
    - ULCER, Sore, Botch, Canker.
    - FISTULA.
  - Defect of animal spirits, whereby Sense and Motion is to be com|municated, so as a part becomes cadaverous and mortified, ac|cording to a || lesser: or greater degree.
    - GANGRENE.
    - SPHACELUS.
- Arising from water
  - $\circ\,$  water infected with parasites , virus , bacteria and fungi
- Arising from food
  - $\,\circ\,$  food infected with parasites , fungi , bacteria and fungi
- Arising from air
  - $\,\circ\,$  aerosol transmission
- Arising from touch or through contact
  - ∘ sex
    - transmission through genital organs
  - kiss
    - transmission through saliva

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