

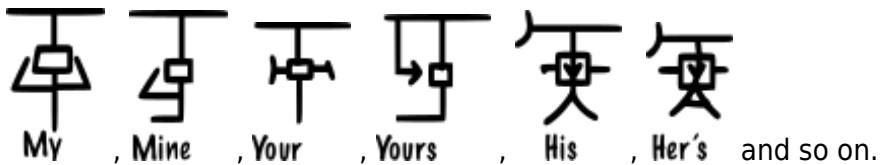
Table of Contents

POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS 3

POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS

A possessive or ktetic form (abbreviated poss; from Latin: possessivus; Ancient Greek: κτητικός ktētikós) is a word or grammatical construction used to indicate a relationship of possession in a broad sense. This can include strict ownership, or a number of other types of relation to a greater or lesser degree analogous to it.

Most European languages feature possessive forms associated with personal [pronouns](#), like the English my ☐ , mine ☐☐ , your ☐☐☐ , yours ☐☐☐☐ , his I ☐ , hers B and so on. There are two main ways in which these can [be](#) used (and a variety of terminologies for each):



Together with a [noun](#), as in my car, your sisters, his boss. Here the possessive form serves as a possessive determiner. Without [an](#) accompanying [noun](#), as in mine is red, I prefer yours, this [book](#) is his. A possessive used in this way is called a substantive possessive [pronoun](#), a possessive [pronoun](#) or [an](#) absolute [pronoun](#). Some languages, including English, also have possessive forms derived from [nouns](#) or [noun](#) phrases, [such](#) as Jane's, cows' and nobody else's. These can [be](#) used in the same two ways as the [pronoun](#)-derived forms: Jane's office or that one is Jane's.

From:

<https://mail.mantrakshar.co.in/> - Kshtrgyn

Permanent link:

https://mail.mantrakshar.co.in/doku.php/en/posessive_pronouns

Last update: 2023/05/15 06:26

